А	В	С	D	E	F
The Something	Star in a Jar	Vehick Juniper Jupiter	e Texts Little Red	The Extraordinary Gardener	The Storm Whale
		Writing Outcome	& Writing Purpose		
arrative: A Friendship &	Narrative: A Star Theme	Narrative: A Superhero Theme	Narrative: A Traditional Tale	Narrative: A Plant Growing	Narrative: A Seaside Theme
nimal Theme Purpose: To tell ind write sentences around the heme	Purpose: To tell and write sentences around the theme	Purpose: To tell and write sentences around the theme	Theme Purpose: To tell and write sentences around the theme	Theme Purpose: To tell and write sentences around the theme	Purpose: To tell and write sentences around the theme
iecount: Animal Information urpose: To inform	Information: Poster to find a lost star Purpose: To inform (and describe)	Information: A letter wanting to be a sidekick Purpose: To inform	Instructions: How to trap an animal Purpose: To instruct	Instructions: How to grow a garden plant / vegetable Purpose: To instruct	Poems: Sea creature poems Purpose: To describe
Explicitly teach of the following o	concepts of print: Print has meaning;	Print can have different purposes; Pr	int in English is directed from left to	right and top to bottom. Explicitly tea	ach that each spoken word when
		written is separ			
Children will	demount of a state of a	Gramma respondences (GPC) across the recep	ar: Word	a tha angliant of the second	d han and a day of the state
Children will be at different stag ocus on: •Recognised spoken vord can be represented in rrint (some children will be mergent mark makers whilst thers may have some GPCs) Begin to represent a word with n initial sound or make whonemically plausible ttempts at spelling *Teach high frequency words: Common xception Words; is, I, the, to, nto, no, go, so		g for meaning to writing sentences. C influencing their ability hown below need to be in line with p Build on previous unit & focus on: •Represent words in print segmenting using growing number GPCs to make phonemically plausible attempts at spelling *Secure previous unit high frequency words and teach Common Exception Words; is, I, the, to, into, no, go, so, he, me, we, be, she, was, my, by, her, you, they, all, are	y to write in sentences.		Build on previous units & focu on: •Represent words in print segmenting using growing number GPCs to make phonemically plausible attempts at spelling *Secure previous unit high frequency words and teach Common Exception Words; is, l, the, to, into, no, go, so, he, me, we, bu she, was, my, by, her, you, the all, are, said, have, like, some,come
		Grammar:	Sentence		1
ocus on: •Orally rehearse entences and Word Count the number of words spoken prior o writing •Focus on a simple entence - Subject, verb object. •g. Dan had a dog. •Combining vords to make labels, captions, sts, phrases and short entences (depending on levelopmental stage) •Teacher nodel use of the Sentence uccuracy Check	Build on previous units & focus on: •Orally rehearse sentences and Word Count the number of words spoken prior to writing •Focus on a simple sentence - Subject, verb object. e.g. I got a gem. •Combining words to make labels, captions, lists, phrases and short sentences (depending on developmental stage) •Teacher model and support correct use of the Sentence Accuracy Check	Build on previous units & focus on: •Orally rehearse sentences and Word Count the number of words spoken prior to writing •Orally connect one idea or action using a range of connectives •Re-read what they have written to check for meaning Write: Combining words to make labels, captions, lists, phrases and short sentences. •Joining words using and, joining words and clauses using 'and 'Teacher model, support and encourage independence in the correct use of the Sentence Accuracy Check	Build on previous units & focus on: •Orally rehearse and recall sentence prior to writing •Orally connect one idea or action using a range of connectives •Write short sentences with words with known sound letter correspondences using a capital letter and full stop •Re-read what they have written to check that it makes sense Write: Combining words to make labels, captions, lists, phrases and short sentences. •Joining words using and, joining words and clauses using 'and' •Teacher model, support and encourage independence in the correct use of the Sentence Accuracy Check ar: Text	Build on previous units & focus on: •Orally rehearse and write: short sentences with known letter correspondences using a capital letter and full stop that can be read by themselves and others. •Re-read what they have written to check that it makes sense Write: Combining words to make labels, captions, lists, phrases and short sentences. •Joining words using and, joining words and clauses using connectives (e.g. but, because, and). •Teacher model, support and encourage independence in the correct use of the Sentence Accuracy Check	Build on previous units & focu on: •Orally rehearse and write short sentences with known letter correspondences using i capital letter and full stop that can be read by themselves an others. •Re-read what they have written to check that it makes sense Write: Combinin words to make labels, caption lists, phrases and short sentences. •Joining words usi and, Joining words and clause using connectives (e.g. but, because, and). •Teacher mode support and encourage independence in the correct u of the Sentence Accuracy Cher
ocus on: •Listen to and talk bout stories to build familiarity ind understanding •Learn new ocabulary from texts •Support ecognition of the four parts of simple narrative - opening, uild up, problem and ending Begin to retell familiar stories ind texts in their words and / or epetition.	Build on previous units & focus on: •Listen to and talk about stories to build familiarity and understanding •Learn new vocabulary from texts •Recognise four parts of a simple narrative - opening, build up, problem and ending •Retell the story - some as exact repetition and some in own words. including; Once upon a time, So, First, Next, Finally. •Sequence sentences to form short narratives.	Build on previous units & focus on: •Listen to and talk about stories to build familiarity and understanding •Learn new vocabulary from texts •Recognise forur parts of a simple narrative - opening, build up, problem and ending •Retell the story - some as exact repetition and some in own words including; Once upon a time, So, and Suddenly. •Sequence sentences to form short narratives.	Build on previous units & focus on: •Listen to and talk about stories to build familiarity and understanding •Learn new vocabulary from texts •Recognise four parts of a simple narrative - opening, build up, problem and ending •Retell the story - some as exact repetition and some in own words including; Once upon a time, So, Soon, and Suddenly. •Sequence sentences to form short narratives.	Build on previous units & focus on: •Learn new vocabulary from texts •Recognise four parts of a simple narrative - opening, build up, problem and ending •Tell stories making use of recently introduced vocabulary from known stories, non-fiction and poems. •Retell the story - some as exact repetition and some in own words including; Once upon a time, Then one night, The very next morning and Then. •Sequence sentences to form short written narratives.	Build on previous units & focu on: •Learn new vocabulary fro texts •Recognise four parts of simple narrative - opening, build up, problem and ending •Tell stories making use of recently introduced vocabular from known stories, non-fictio and poems. •Retell the story - some as exact repetition and some in own words including; Once upon a time, Then, Suddenly and Late that night. •Sequence sentences to form short written narratives.
		Grammar: F			
ocus on: Letter formation eparation of words and spaces	Build on previous units & focus on: Letter formation Separation of words with spaces Personal pronoun - I, he	Build on previous units & focus on: Letter formation Separation of words with spaces Capital letters Personal pronoun - I, she, he Full Stops	Build on previous units & focus on: Letter formation Separation of words with spaces Capital letters Personal pronoun - I, he, she Full Stops	Build on previous units & focus on: Letter formation Separation of words with spaces Capital letters Personal pronoun - I, he Full Stops Capital Letters for names	Build on previous units & focu on: Letter formation Separati of words with spaces Capital letters Personal pronoun - I, h she Full Stops Capital Letters I names

Α	В	С	D	Е	F
		Vehicle	e Texts		
Old Bear	Rapunzel	Hermelin	Where the Wild Things Are	The Secret of Black Rock	The Last Wolf
		Writing Outcome	& Writing Purpose		
Narrative: Finding Narrative Purpose: To retell a story	Narrative: A Traditional Tale Purpose: To narrate	Narrative: A Detective Story Purpose: To narrate	Narrative: A Portal Story Purpose: To narrate	Narrative: A Return Story Purpose: To narrate	Narrative: A Hunting Story Purpose: To narrat
Recount: Messages Purpose: To inform and explain events that have happened	Instructions: How to catch a witch Purpose: To instruct	Recount: Letters Purpose: To recount	Information: Wild Things Purpose: To inform	Recount: Postcards Purpose: To recount	Instructions: Recipes Purpose: To instruct
		Gramma	ar: Word		
Build on previous year & focus on: Regular plural noun suffix -s or -es	Build on previous units & focus on: Reinforce plural noun suffix -s/-es Adding the suffix -er to verbs	Build on previous units & focus on: Reinforce plural noun suffix -s/-es How the prefix un- changes the meaning of verbs and adjectives Adding the suffixes -er and -est to adjectives	Build on previous units & focus on: Adding the suffixes -ing, -ed and -er to verbs Adding the suffixes - er and -est to adjectives How the prefix un- changes the meaning of verbs and adjectives	Build on previous units & focus on: Reinforce plural noun suffix -s/-es Adding the suffixes -er and -est to adjectives Adding the suffixes -ing and -ed to verbs Reinforce how the prefix un- changes the meaning of verbs and adjectives	Build on previous units & focus on: Reinforce plural noun suffix -s/-es Adding the suffixes -ing and -ed to verbs Adding the suffixes - er and -est to adjectives
			: Sentence		1
Build on previous year & focus on: Combining words to make sentences Joining words and clauses using 'and'	Build on previous units & focus on: Combining words to make sentences Joining words and clauses using 'and'	Build on previous units & focus on: Combining words to make sentences Joining words and clauses using 'and'	Build on previous units & focus on: Combining words to make sentences Joining words and clauses using 'and'	Build on previous units & focus on: Combining words to make sentences Joining words and clauses using 'and'	Build on previous units & focus on: Combining word to make sentences Joining words and clauses using 'and'
	• •	Gramm	ar: Text		
Build on previous year & focus on: Sequencing sentences to form short narratives	Build on previous units & focus on: Sequencing sentences to form short narratives	Build on previous units & focus on: Sequencing sentences to form short narratives	Build on previous units & focus on: Sequencing sentences to form short narratives	Build on previous units & focus on: Sequencing sentences to form short narratives	Build on previous units & focus on: Sequencing sentences to form short narratives
		·	Punctuation		
Build on previous year & focus on: Separation of words with spaces Capital letters Full Stops	Build on previous year & focus on: Separation of words with spaces Capital letters Full Stops	Build on previous year & focus on: Separation of words with spaces Capital letters Full Stops Question mark Exclamation mark	Build on previous year & focus on: Separation of words with spaces Capital letters Full Stops Question mark Exclamation mark Capital Letters for names and personal pronoun - I	Build on previous year & focus on: Separation of words with spaces Capital letters Full Stops Question mark Exclamation mark Capital Letters for names and personal pronoun - I	Build on previous year & focus on: Separation of words with spaces Capital letters Full Stops Question mark Exclamation mark

Α	В	С	D	E	F
			e Texts		· · · · ·
A River	The Night Gardener	The Bog Baby	Grandad's Island	The King Who Banned the Dark	Rosie Revere
		Writing Outcome	& Writing Purpose		
Narrative: Circular Narrative	Narrative: Setting Narrative	Narrative: Finding Narrative	Narrative: Return Narrative	Non-Fiction: Persuasive Letter	Narrative: Invention Narrative
Purpose: To narrate	Purpose: To narrate	Purpose: To narrate	Purpose: To narrate	Purpose: To persuade	Purpose: To narrate
Recount: Letter Purpose: To inform	Recount: Diary Purpose: To recount	Instructions: How to build a habitat Purpose: To instruct	Information: Jungle Animals Purpose: To inform	Narrative: Banning Narrative Purpose: To narrate	Explanation: How a machine works Purpose: To explain
		Gramma	ar: Word		
Build on previous units & focus on: Use of the Suffixes –er & –est in adjectives Learn how to use -ly in Standard English to turn adjectives into adverbs Develop understanding of regular plural noun suffixes -s or - es	Build on previous units & focus on: Use of the suffix –ly to turn adjectives into adverbs Form adjectives using suffixes -ful and -less	Build on previous units & focus on: Formation of adjectives using suffixes e.g. –ful, –less Use of the suffix –ly to turn adjectives into adverbs	Build on previous units & focus on: Use of the Suffixes –er & –est in adjectives Use of the suffix –ly to turn adjectives into adverbs	Build on previous units & focus on: Formation of nouns using suffixes e.g. – ness, –er Formation of adjectives using suffixes e.g. –ful, –less Use of the suffix –ly to turn adjectives into adverbs	Build on previous units & focus on: Formation of nouns by compounding Use of the Suffixes –er & – est in adjectives Use of the suffix –ly to turn adjectives into adverbs
Build on previous year & focus on: Subordination (using when, if, that, because) Co-ordination (or, and, but) Expanded Noun Phrases for description and specification Learn that the grammatical patterns in a sentence indicate its function as a question or command	Build on previous units & focus on: Co-ordination (or, and, but, so) Sentence indicates its function as an exclamation or a question Expanded Noun Phrases for description and specification	Build on previous units & focus on: Subordination (using when, if, that, because) Co-ordination (or, and, but) Expanded noun phrases for description and specification How the grammatical patterns in a sentence indicates its function as a question and command	: Sentence Build on previous units & focus on: Learn that the grammatical patterns in sentence indicates its function as a question and an exclamation Expanded Noun Phrases for description and specification	Build on previous units & focus on: Expanded noun phrases for description and specification Subordination (using when, if, that, because) Co-ordination (or, and, but) How the grammatical patterns in a sentence indicates its function as question and a statement.	Build on previous units & focus on: Subordination (using when, if, that, because) Co-ordination (or, and, but) Sentence indicates its function as an exclamation. Expanded Noun Phrases for description and specification
		Gramm	ar: Text		
Build on previous year & focus on: Correct choice and consistent use of past and present tense throughout writing	Build on previous units & focus on: Correct choice and consistent use of past and present tense throughout writing	Build on previous units & focus on: Correct choice and consistent use of past and present tense throughout writing	Build on previous units & focus on: Correct choice and consistent use of past and present tense throughout writing including progressive forms of verbs	Build on previous units & focus on: Correct choice and consistent use of past and present tense throughout writing	Build on previous units & focus on: Correct choice and consistent use of past and present tense throughout writing
			Punctuation		
Build on previous units & focus on: Use of capital letters, full stops and question marks to demarcate sentences Use apostrophes to mark singular possession in nouns	Build on previous year & focus on: Use of capital letters, full stops, question marks and exclamation marks to demarcate sentences Apostrophes to mark where letters are missing in spelling (contractions) Apostrophes to mark singular possession in nouns Commas to separate items in a list	Build on previous units & focus on: Use of capital letters, full stops and question marks to demarcate sentences Commas to separate items in a list Apostrophes to mark where letters are missing in spelling (contractions)	Build on previous units & focus on: Use of capital letters, full stops, question marks and exclamation marks to demarcate sentences Apostrophes to mark singular possession in nouns	Build on previous units & focus on: Use of capital letters, full stops, question marks and exclamation marks to demarcate sentences Apostrophes to mark where letters are missing in spellings Commas to separate items in a list	Build on previous units & focus on: Use of capital letters, full stops and question marks to demarcate sentences Apostrophes to mark singular possession in nouns Commas to separate items in a list

Α	В	С	D	Е	F
-		-	e Texts	-	•
The Iron Man	Fox	Rhythm of the Rain	Jemmy Button	Egyptology	Into the Forest
		Writing Outcome	& Writing Purpose		
Narrative: Approach Threat Narrative Purpose: To narrate	Narrative: Fable Narrative Purpose: To narrate	Narrative: Setting Narrative Purpose: To narrate	Narrative: Return Narrative Purpose: To narrate	Narrative: Egyptian Mystery Narrative Purpose: To narrate	Narrative: Lost Narrative Purpose: To narrate
Explanation: Trap Explanation Purpose: To explain	Information: Foxes Information Report Purpose: To inform	Recount: River Information Leaflet Purpose: To inform	Information: Letters Purpose: To recount	Information: Secret Diary Purpose: To recount	Recount: Newspaper Report Purpose: To recount
		Gramma	ar: Word		
Build on previous year & focus on: Formation of nouns using a range of prefixes e.g. auto- super- anti- Use of the forms 'a' or 'an'	Build on previous units & focus on: Formation of nouns using a range of prefixes e.g. auto- super- anti- undis -mis -im -in Use of the forms a or an when next word starts with a consonant or a vowel Adverbs ending in -ly	Build on previous units & focus on: Use of the forms a or an when next word starts with a consonant or a vowel	Build on previous units & focus on: Use of the forms a or an when next word starts with a consonant or a vowel Word families based on common words showing how words are related in form and meaning	Build on previous units & focus on: Use of the forms a or an when next word starts with a consonant or a vowel Word families based on common words showing how words are related in form and meaning	Build on previous units & focus on: Formation of nouns using a range of prefixes e.g. auto- super- anti- (mis-, in-, dis-, un-) Use of the forms a or an when next word starts with a consonant or a vowel Word families based on common words showing how words are related in form and meaning
		Grammar	: Sentence		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Build on previous year & focus on: Expressing time, place and cause using conjunctions e.g. (when, before, after, while, so, because, if, although) Learn how to use subordination (reinforce from Y2) Expressing time, place and cause using adverbs e.g. then, there, soon, after Expressing time, place and cause using prepositions e.g. before, during, after, in Use expanded noun phrases for description and specification	Build on previous units & focus on: Expressing time, place and cause using prepositions, e.g. before, after, during, in Use a wider range of conjunctions, e.g. when, if, because, although	Build on previous units & focus on: Noun phrases expanded by the addition of modifying adjectives, nouns and prepositions Fronted adverbials Developing the range of sentences with more than one clause by using a wider range of conjunctions including when, if, because, although, before, after, while, so'	Build on previous units & focus on: Expressing time, place and cause using prepositions e.g. before, after, during, in, because, of Expressing time, place and cause using adverbs e.g. then, next, soon, therefore Use a wider range of conjunctions, e.g. when, if, because, although	Build on previous units & focus on: Expressing time, place and cause using adverbs e.g. (then, next, soon, therefore) Expressing time, place and cause using prepositions e.g. (before, after, during, in, because of)	Build on previous units & focus on: Expressing time, place and cause using adverbs e.g. then, next, soon, thereforce Expressing time, place and cause using prepositions e.g. before, after, during, in, because of
	T		ar: Text	r	-
Build on previous year & focus on:	Build on previous units & focus on: Present perfect form of verbs in contrast to the simple past	Build on previous units & focus on: Introduction to paragraphs as a way to group related material Present perfect form of verbs in contrast to the simple past	Build on previous units & focus on: Present perfect form of verbs in contrast to the simple past	Build on previous units & focus on: Headings and sub-headings to aid presentation	Build on previous units & focus on: Present perfect form of verbs Introduction to paragraphs as a way to group related material Headings and sub-heading to aid presentation
Reinforce from Year 2: Use	Reinforce from Year 2:	Grammar: I Build on previous units &	Punctuation Build on previous units &	Build on previous units &	Build on previous units &
Reinforce from Year 2: Use of capital letters, full stops, question marks and exclamation marks to demarcate sentences Apostrophes to mark where letters are missing in spelling and to mark singular possession in nouns Use commas to separate items in a list	Commas to separate items in a list Apostrophes to mark singular possession in nouns Inverted commas to punctuate direct speech	focus on: Apostrophes to mark singular possession in nouns Learn how to use commas to separate items in a list	focus on: Inverted commas to punctuate direct speech	focus on: Inverted commas to punctuate direct speech	focus on: Inverted comma to punctuate direct speech

Α	e Progression Overv B	С	D	E	F
	_	Vehicle	e Texts		
		Arthur and the Golden			
The Whale	Leaf	Rope	The Lost Happy Endings	The Journey	Manfish
		Writing Outcome	& Writing Purpose		
Narrative: Setting Narrative	Narrative: Outsider	Narrative: Myth Narrative	Narrative: Twisted	Narrative: Refugee	Narrative: Invention
Purpose: To narrate	Narrative	Purpose: To narrate	Narrative	Narrative	Narrative
	Purpose: To narrate		Purpose: To narrate	Purpose: To narrate	Purpose: To narrate
Recount: Newspaper	Information: Information	Information: Defeating a Viking monster Purpose: To	Persuasion: Letter Purpose:	Recount: Diary Purpose: To	Recount: Jacques Cousteau
Report Purpose: To recount	Report Purpose: To inform	inform	To persuade	recount	Biography Purpose: To recount
raipose. To recount					recount
		Gramma	ar: Word		
Build on previous units &	Build on previous year &	Build on previous units &	Build on previous units &	Build on previous units &	Build on previous units &
focus on: Develop	focus on: Grammatical	focus on: Grammatical	focus on: Grammatical	focus on: Develop	focus on: Verb inflections
understanding of standard English forms for verb	difference between plural and possessive -s Develop	difference between plural and possessive -s	difference between plural and possessive -s Develop	understanding of standard English forms for verb	(we were instead of we was)
inflections (we were	understanding of standard	and possessive -s	understanding of standard	inflections (we were	wdS)
instead of we was)	English forms for verb		English forms for verb	instead of we was)	
instead of we wasj	inflections (we were		inflections (we were	Grammatical difference	
	instead of we was)		instead of we was)	between plural and	
	instead of we was		instead of we was	possessive -s	
		Grammar	Sentence		
Build on previous units &	Build on previous year &	Build on previous units &	Build on previous units &	Build on previous units &	Build on previous units &
focus on: Noun phrases	focus on: Noun phrases	focus on: Noun phrases	focus on: Noun phrases	focus on: Fronted	focus on: Fronted
expanded by the addition	expanded by the addition	expanded by the addition	expanded by the addition	adverbials	adverbials
of modifying adjectives,	of modifying adjectives,	of modifying adjectives,	of modifying adjectives,		
nouns and prepositions	nouns and preposition	nouns and prepositions	nouns and prepositions		
Fronted adverbials	phrases Expressing time	Fronted adverbials	Fronted adverbials		
	and place and cause using				
	prepositions [for example,				
	before, after, during, in,				
	because of] (Recap from				
	Y3) Fronted adverbials				
			T 4		
uild on provious units 8	Build on provious year &	Gramm	ar: Text Build on previous units &	Puild on provious units %	Build on provious units &
Build on previous units &	Build on previous year & focus on: Appropriate	Build on previous units & focus on: Nouns or	focus on: use adverbials	Build on previous units & focus on: Nouns or	Build on previous units & focus on: Nouns or
pronouns to aid cohesion	choice of pronoun or noun	pronouns to aid cohesion	and conjunctions for	pronouns to aid cohesion	pronouns to aid cohesion
and avoid repetition	within and across	and avoid repetition	cohesion	and avoid repetition	and avoid repetition
Develop understanding	sentences to aid cohesion	Paragraphs to organise	conesion	and avoid repetition	Paragraphs to organise
using the present perfect	and avoid repetition	ideas around a theme, with			ideas around a theme
forms of verbs		headings and sub headings			lueds di bullu a theme
reinforcement from Y3)		neadings and sub neadings			
		Grammar: F	Punctuation		<u> </u>
Build on previous units &	Build on previous year &	Build on previous units &	Build on previous units &	Build on previous units &	Build on previous units &
ocus on: Inverted commas	focus on: Apostrophes for	focus on: Apostrophes for	focus on: Inverted commas	focus on: Inverted commas	focus on: Inverted comma
and other punctuation to	possession (plural nouns)	possession (plural nouns)	and other punctuation to	and other punctuation to	and other punctuation to
ndicate direct speech Use	Use commas after fronted	Use commas after fronted	indicate direct speech	indicate direct speech	indicate direct speech Use
commas after fronted	adverbials	adverbials	Apostrophes for possession	Apostrophes for possession	commas after fronted
adverbials			(plural nouns) Use commas	(plural nouns) Use commas	adverbials
			after fronted adverbials	after fronted adverbials	

Α	e Progression Overvi B	С	D	E	F
			e Texts		
When we Walked on the Moon	FArTHER	The Hound of the Baskervilles	The Promise	The Lost Book of Adventure	King Kong
		Writing Outcome	& Writing Purpose		L
Narrative: Exploration Narrative Purpose: To narrate Recount: Formal Mission Log Purpose: To recount	Narrative: Setting Narrative Purpose: To narrate Recount: Letter Purpose: To recount	Narrative: Cliff hanger Narrative Purpose: To narrate Recount: Formal Report Purpose: To inform	Narrative: Character Narrative Purpose: To narrate Persuasion: Bargain Letter Purpose: To persuade	Narrative: Survival Narrative Purpose: To narrate Explanation: Survival Guide Purpose: To explain	Narrative: Dilemma Narrative Purpose: To narrate Discussion: Balanced Argument Purpose: To discuss
		Gramma	ar: Word		<u> </u>
Build on previous year & focus on: Develop an understanding of the use of verb prefixes	Build on previous units & focus on: The difference between vocabulary of informal speech and vocabulary appropriate to formal speech and writing – formal tone Use verb prefixes (un-, de-, re-, over- , dis-, mis-)	Build on previous units & focus on: The difference between vocabulary of informal speech and vocabulary appropriate to formal speech and writing – formal tone Develop understanding and use of verb prefixes Converting nouns or adjectives into verbs using suffixes	Build on previous units & focus on: Develop understanding and use of verb prefixes	Build on previous units & focus on: Verb prefixes mis, over and de Converting nouns or adjectives into verbs using suffixes	Build on previous units & focus on: Converting nouns or adjectives into verbs using suffixes
			: Sentence	I	
Build on previous year & focus on: Indicate degrees of possibility using modal verbs Expanded noun phrases to convey complicated information concisely Develop understanding of relative clauses	Build on previous units & focus on: Indicate degrees of possibility using modal verbs Expanded noun phrases to convey complicated information concisely Use fronted adverbials	Build on previous units & focus on: Relative clauses beginning with who, which, where, when, whose, that or an omitted relative pronoun	Build on previous units & focus on: Indicate degrees of possibility using modal verbs and adverbs	Build on previous units & focus on: Indicate degrees of possibility using adverbs and modal verbs Relative clauses beginning with who, which, where, when, whose, that or an omitted relative pronoun	Build on previous units & focus on: Develop understanding and use of relative clauses beginning with who, which, where, when, whose, that, or an omitted relative pronoun Develop understanding of expanded noun phrases to convey complicated information concisely Indicate degrees of possibility using modal verbs
Duild an annuisus usan 8	Duild an annuisus units 0		ar: Text	Duild an annuisus units 9	Duild an ensuince units 0
Build on previous year & focus on: Use of a range of sentence types for impact and cohesion	Build on previous units & focus on: Develop understanding in using devices to build cohesion within a paragraph	Build on previous units & focus on: Develop understanding in using devices to build cohesion within a paragraph	Build on previous units & focus on: Develop understanding in using devices to build cohesion within a paragraph	Build on previous units & focus on: Develop understanding in using devices to build cohesion within a paragraph	Build on previous units & focus on: Develop understanding in using devices to build cohesion within a paragraph
		Grammar: I	Punctuation		·
Build on previous year & focus on: Indicate parenthesis using dashes and brackets Commas after fronted adverbials (reinforce from Y4) Inverted commas to indicate direct speech (reinforce from Y4)	Build on previous units & focus on: Commas, brackets and dashes for parenthesis Use commas after fronted adverbials	Build on previous units & focus on: Commas for parenthesis Use commas to clarify meaning and avoid ambiguity	Build on previous units & focus on: Commas for parenthesis	Build on previous units & focus on: Indicate parenthesis using brackets Commas for clarity	Build on previous units & focus on: Use commas for clarity and to avoid ambiguity Use of a comma after the reporting clause and use of end punctuation within inverted commas (Y4) Indicate parenthesis using brackets

Α	В	С	D	E	F
	<u>.</u>	Vehicl	e Texts		
Rose Blanche	A Story Like the Wind	The Origin of the Species	The Ways of the Wolf	Shackleton's Journey	Hansel and Gretel
		Writing Outcome	& Writing Purpose		
Recount: Diary Purpose: To	Narrative: Flashback	Narrative: Discovery	Recount: Documentary	Narrative: Endurance	Narrative: Dual Narrative
recount	Narrative	Narrative Purpose: To	Narrative	Narrative	Purpose: To narrate
	Purpose: To narrate	narrate	Purpose: To narrate	Purpose: To narrate	
Recount: Bravery Speech	Recount: Newspaper	Explanation: Adaptation	Discussion: Balanced	Recount: Biography	Persuasion: Letter Purpose
Award Purpose: To recount & inform (hybrid)	Report Purpose: To recount	Purpose: To explain	Argument Purpose: To discuss	Purpose: To recount	To persuade
	Fulpose. To recount		Narrative: Hunted		
			Narrative		
			Purpose: To narrate		
			ar: Word		1
Build on previous year &	Build on previous units &	Build on previous units &	Build on previous units &	Build on previous units &	Build on previous units &
focus on: Understand how words are related by	focus on: Understand how words are related by	focus on: Understand how words are related by	focus on: Develop understanding of how	focus on: Develop understanding of how	focus on: Understand how words are related by
meaning as synonyms and	meaning as synonyms and	meaning as synonyms and	words are related by	words are related by	meaning as synonyms and
antonyms The difference	antonyms Converting	antonyms The difference	meaning as synonyms and	meaning as synonyms and	antonyms The difference
between vocabulary of	nouns into verbs using	between vocabulary of	antonyms The difference	antonyms The difference	between vocabulary of
informal speech and	suffixes (reinforce from Y5)	informal speech and	between vocabulary of	between vocabulary of	informal speech and
vocabulary appropriate to	The difference between	vocabulary appropriate to	informal speech and	informal speech and	vocabulary appropriate to
formal speech and writing – formal and informal	vocabulary of informal speech and vocabulary	formal speech and writing	vocabulary appropriate to formal speech and writing	vocabulary appropriate to formal speech and writing	formal speech and writing – formal tone
vocabulary choices	appropriate to formal		formal speech and writing	formal speech and writing	- Ionnai tone
	speech and writing -				
	informality of direct quote				
	contrasting with formality				
	of vocabulary choices	Crommon	Contoneo		
Build on previous year &	Build on previous units &	Build on previous units &	: Sentence Build on previous units &	Build on previous units &	Build on previous units &
focus on:	focus on: The difference	focus on: The difference	focus on: Using expanded	focus on: Using expanded	focus on:
The difference between	between structures typical	between structures typical	noun phrases to convey	noun phrases to convey	The difference between
structures typical of	of informal speech and	of informal speech and	complicated information	complicated information	structures typical of
informal speech and	structures appropriate to	structures appropriate to	concisely Understand the	concisely Understand the	informal speech and
structures appropriate to formal - use of question	formal Using expanded noun phrases to convey	formal Using expanded	difference between	difference between	structures appropriate to
tags in informal speech	complicated information	noun phrases to convey complicated information	structures typical of informal speech and	structures typical of informal speech and	formal speech in writing Use of the subjunctive form
Develop understanding of	concisely	concisely Use the	structures appropriate to	structures appropriate to	in some very formal speech
the passive to affect the	,	subjunctive forms in some	formal	formal	and writing
presentation of		very formal writing and	Develop understanding of	Develop understanding of	
information in a sentence		speech	the passive to affect the	the passive to affect the	
			presentation of	presentation of information in a sentence	
			information in a sentence Use the subjunctive forms	information in a sentence	
			in some very formal writing		
			and speech		
			ar: Text		1
Build on previous year & focus on: using a wider	Build on previous units & focus on: Use headings,	Build on previous units & focus on: Use headings and	Build on previous units & focus on: Using cohesive	Build on previous units & focus on: Using headings	Build on previous units & focus on: Linking ideas
range of cohesive devices -	sub-headings, columns and	sub-headings to structure	devices, e.g. synonyms	and sub-headings to	within and across
adverbials	captions to structure	information	Accurate tense choices	organise information	paragraphs using a wider
	information		throughout the writing		range of cohesive devices
	l	Grammar: I	Punctuation	l	
Build on previous year &	Build on previous units &	Build on previous units &	Build on previous units &	Build on previous units &	Build on previous units &
focus on: Semi-colons	focus on: Use hyphens to	focus on: Use dashes,	focus on: Use semi-colons,	focus on: Use semi-colons,	focus on: Use semi-colons,
within detailed lists	join words and avoid	colons and semi-colons to	colons and dashes to mark	and dashes to mark the	colons and dashes to mark
Indicate grammatical	ambiguity Use range of	mark the boundary	the boundary between	boundary between	the boundary between
features using the semi-	punctuation taught at KS2	between independent	independent clauses	independent clauses Use	independent clauses Use
colon to mark the boundary between	(Speech punctuation) Use the semi-colon as the	clauses Use colons to introduce a list	Use hyphens to avoid ambiguity	commas to clarify meaning and avoid ambiguity	hyphens to avoid ambiguit
independent clauses	boundary between		Use colons to introduce a	and avoid annugulty	
Dashes and commas to	independent clauses		list		
Dusites and Commids to			•	1	1
indicate parenthesis			Use semi-colons within lists		